

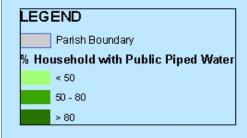
WATER SUPPLY COVERAGE



73% of Population supplied with potable

Varying levels of Service

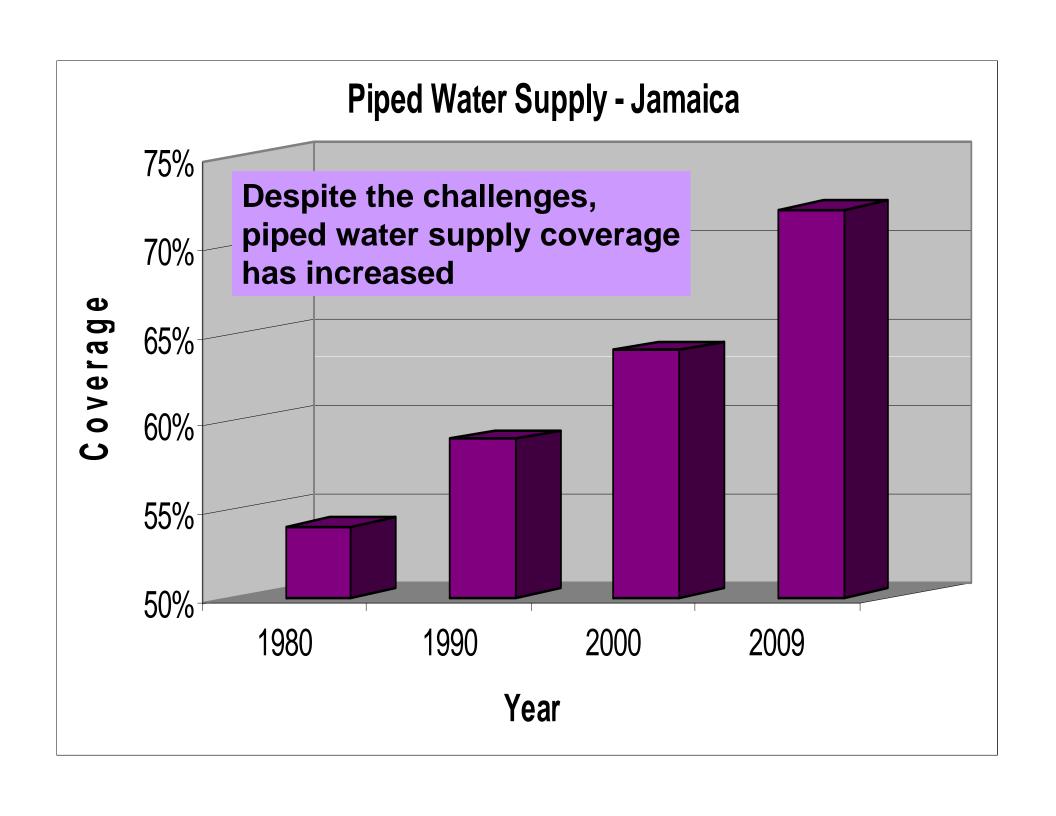






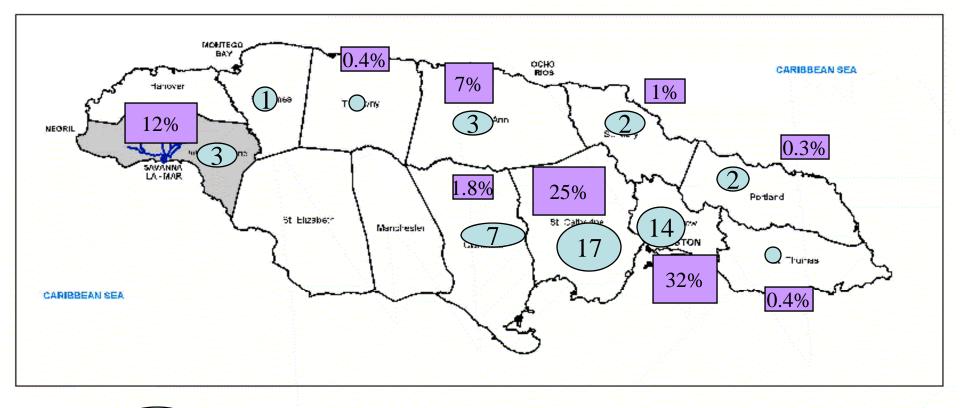
Prepared By: GIS Unit National Water Commission 28 - 48 Barbados Avenue Kingston 5

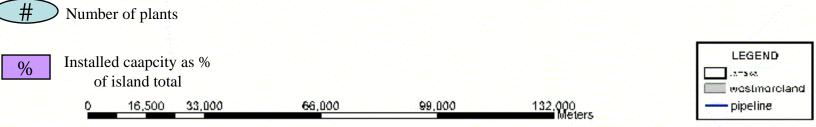




ISLAND OF JAMAICA







NWC Inherited sewerage facilities associated with various housing developments Montego Bay Ocho Rios



NWC constructed WWTP plants during the latter half of 1990s

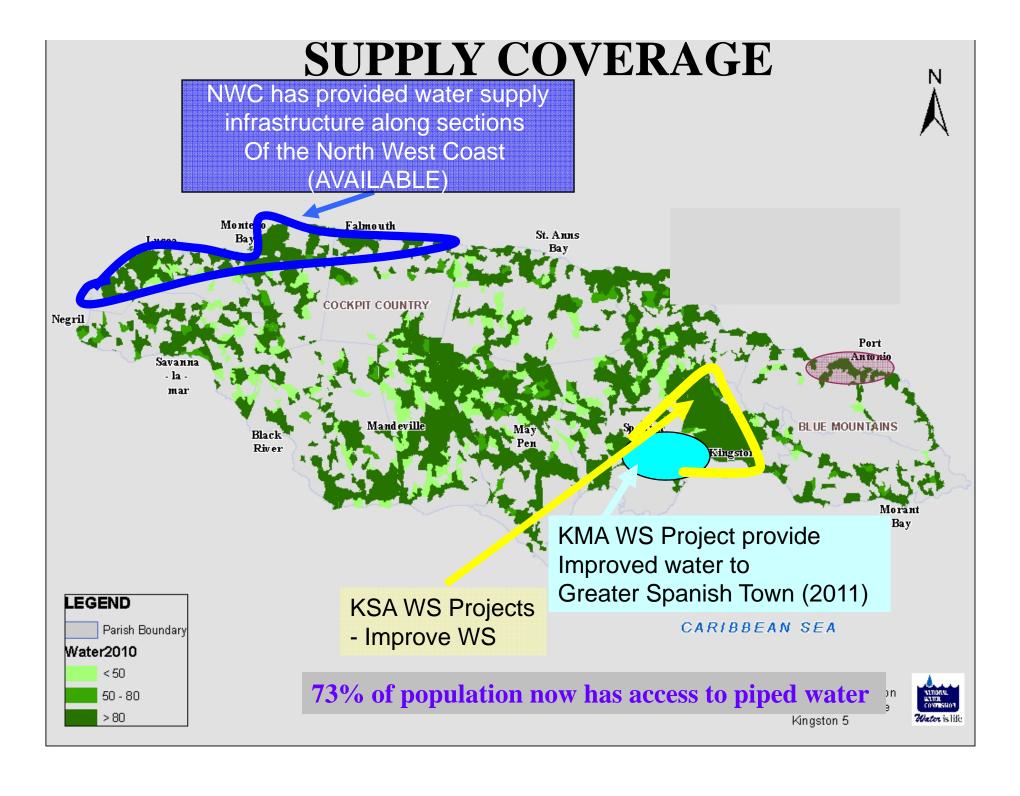
- Ocho Rios (Oxidation Ditch),
- Montego Bay (WSP) &
- Negril (WSP)

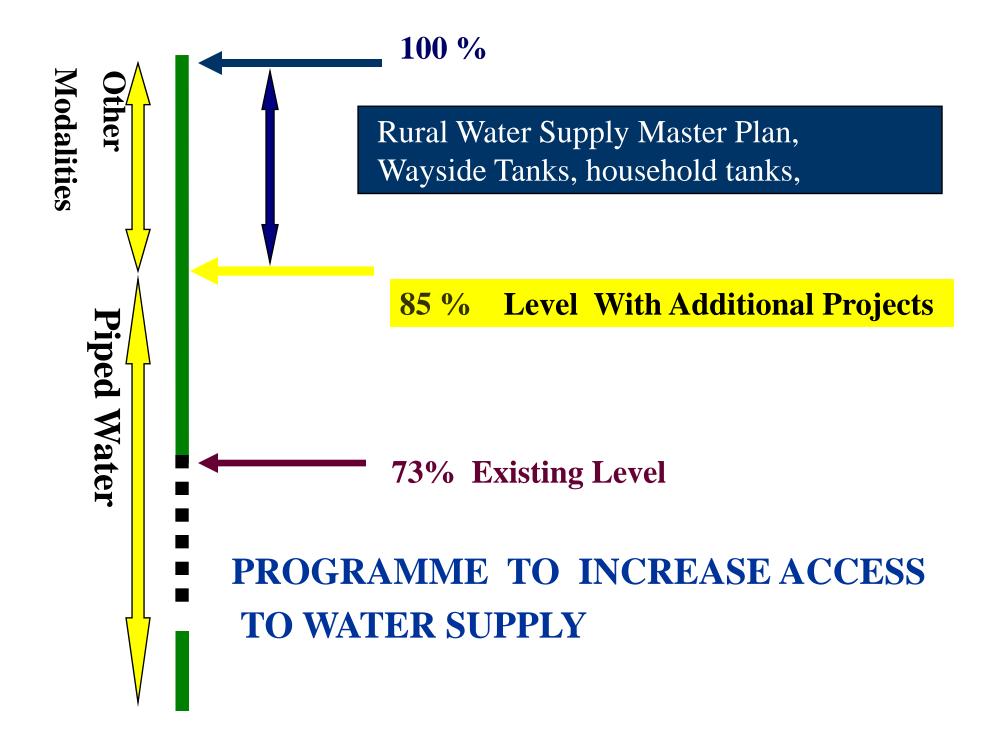
NWC involved in CWTC to construct Soapberry (2007)



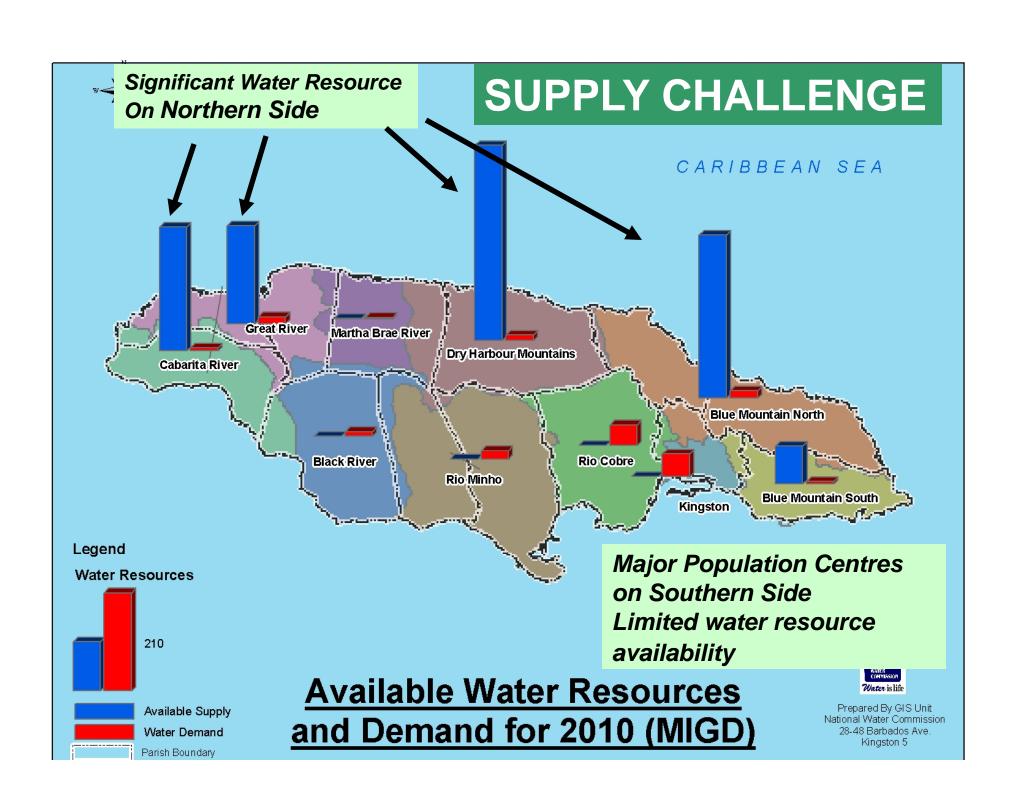


Prepared By. GIS Unit National Water Commission 28 - 48 Barbados Avenue Kingston 5





WATER SUPPLY PLANS



Preparation of Draft Parish Plans

- Assignment of Working Teams to Parishes
 - Lead Person assigned full time
 - Input from local operations persons (part time)
- Project Identification and Costing
- Economic Analysis
- Project Sheduling
- Draft Report

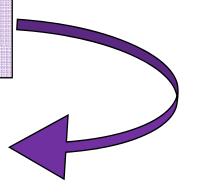
Consultations

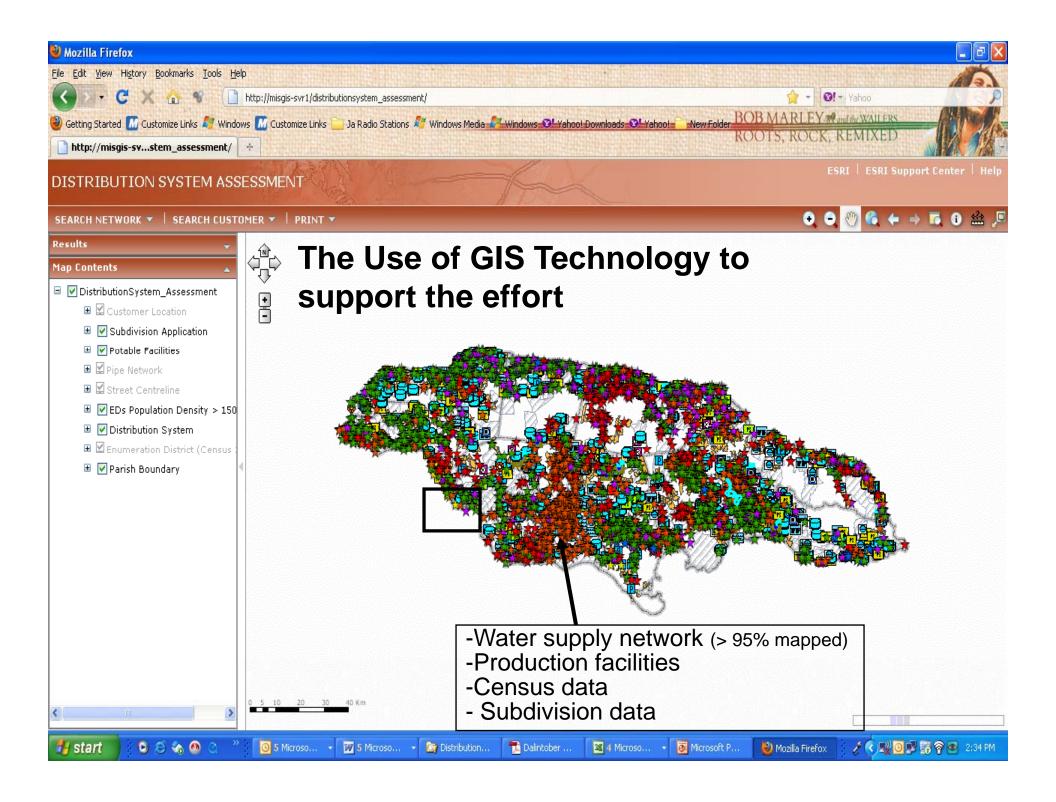
- Meetings with key Parish persons
 - Presentation of plans
 - Include Members of Working Team
 - Feedback
- Other internal presentations
- Revision of Plans

Water Supply Plans

- OUR
- Special Interest (e.g. Developers)
- Potential Financiers

PREPARATION PROCESS

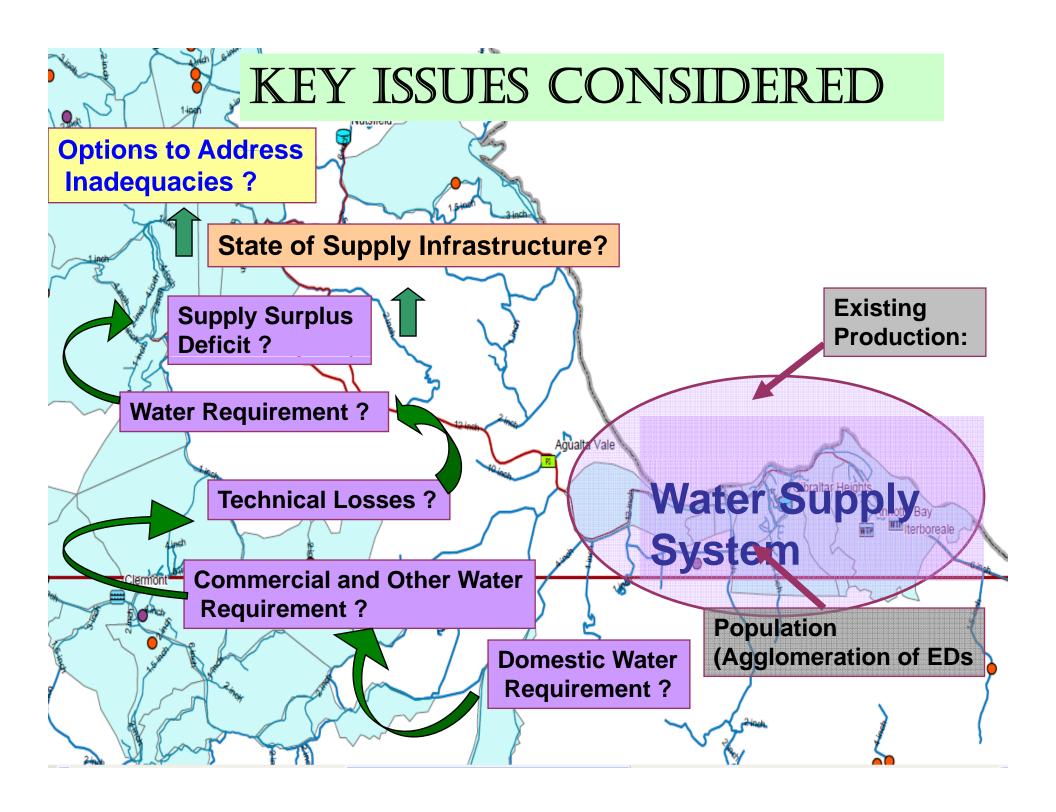




PROJECT IDENTIFICATION

Projects were developed to address identified water supply deficiencies at a broad level

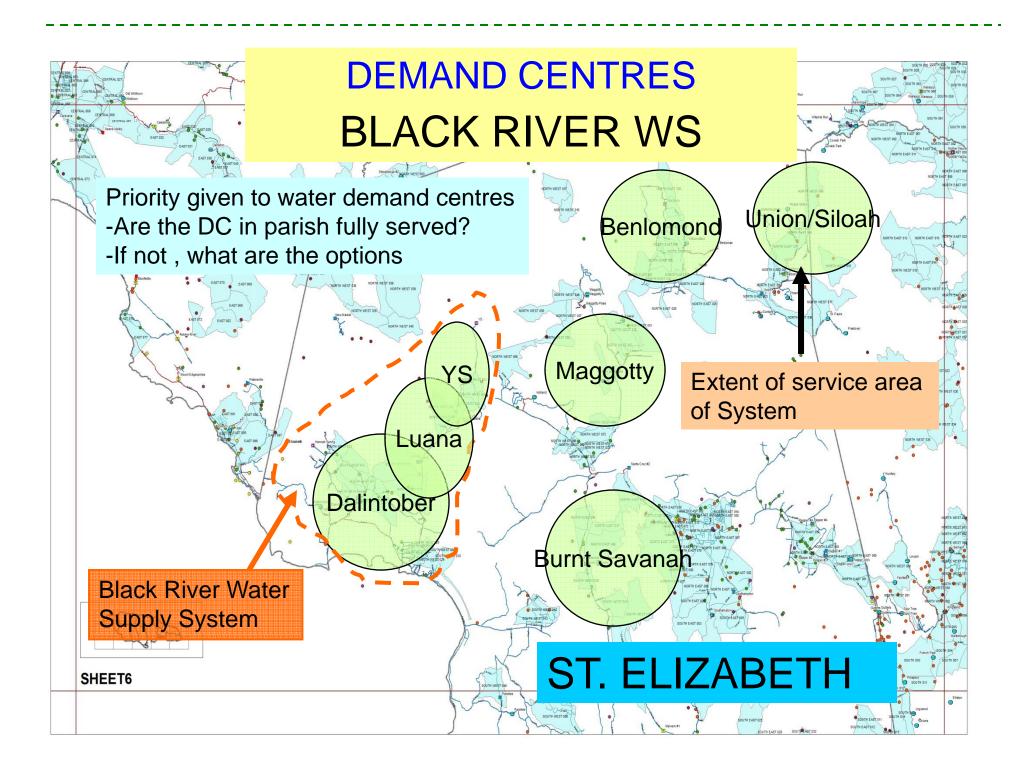
- What needs to be done to address
 - Supply Shortfall (Additional production capacity, reduction in technical losses)
 - Service Reliability (rehab of facilities intakes, WTPs, pumping equipment, use of technology to improve monitoring & control)
 - Operational Efficiency (electricity, maintenance, operations)
- Estimated Project Costs
- Project Benefits and Impact
- Broad economic analyses



WATER SUPPLY PLANS For ST. ELIZABETH

St. Elizabeth WS

- Average Monthly Production 380 million gallons of water
 - through twenty (21) wells and
 - six (6) surface sources.
- Average billed volume is <u>only</u> 54 million gallons per month
 - Revenue water of 15%

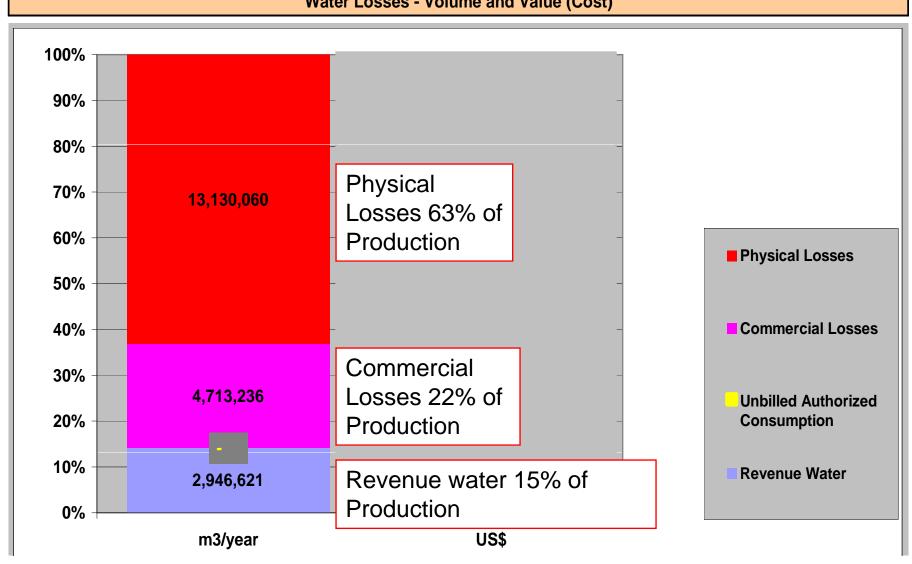


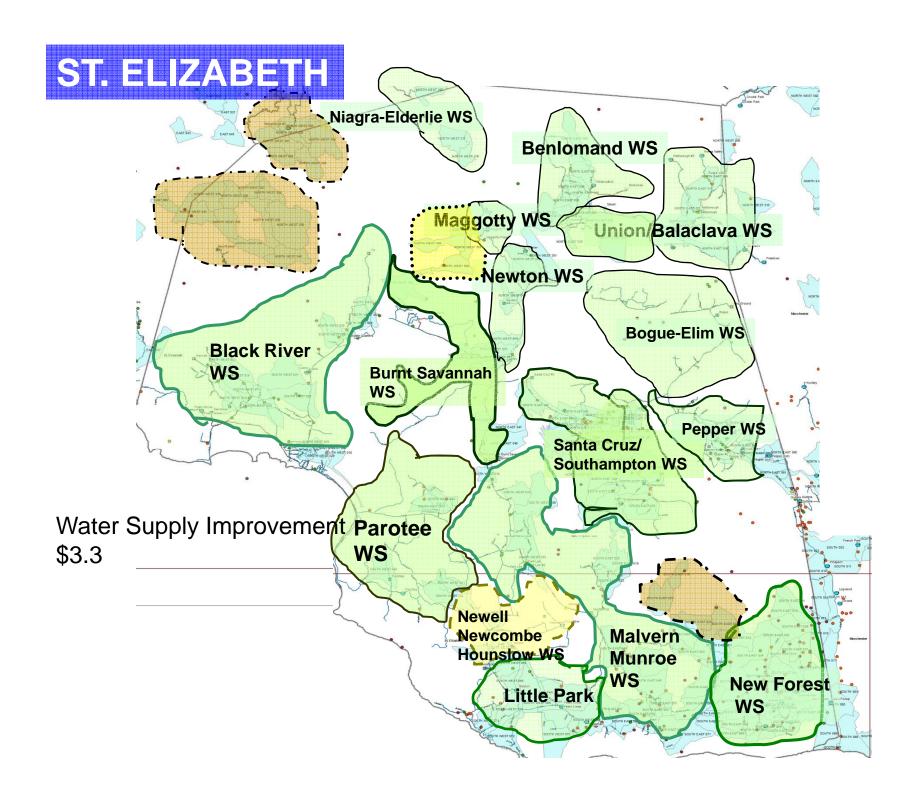
Water Balance in m3/year

Home	Authorized Consumption	Billed Authorized Consumption 2,946,621 m3/year	Billed Metered Consumption 2,710,890 m3/year Billed Unmetered Consumption 235,731 m3/year	Revenue Water 2,946,621 m3/year
	2,946,621 m3/year Error Margin [+/-]: 0.0%	Unbilled Authorized Consumption 0 m3/year	Unbilled Metered Consumption 0 m3/year	
System Input Volume	0.0%	Error Margin [+/-]: 0.0%	Unbilled Unmetered Consumption 0 m3/year Error Margin [+/-]: 0.0%	
20,789,917 m3/year Error Margin [+/-]: 5.0%		Commercial Losses 4,713,236 m3/year	Unauthorized Consumption 4,584,781 m3/year Error Margin [+/-]: 25.0%	Non-Revenue Water
	Water Losses 17,843,296 m3/year	Error Margin [+/-]: 24.3%	Customer Meter Inaccuracies and Data Handling Errors 128,455 m3/year Error Margin [+/-]: 3.0%	17,843,296 m3/year Error Margin [+/-]: 5.8%
	Error Margin [+/-]: 5.8%	Physical Losses 13,130,060 m3/year Error Margin [+/-]: 11.8%		

ST. ELIZABETH WS WATER BALANCE

Water Losses - Volume and Value (Cost)

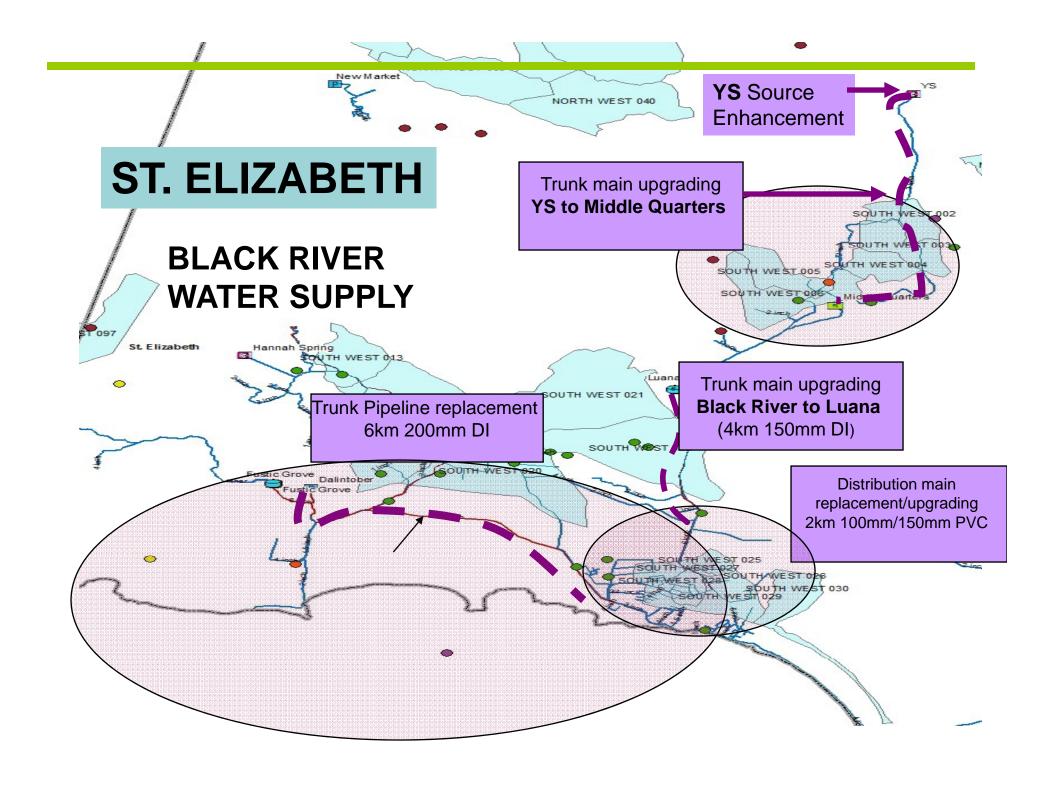




ST. ELIZABETH - YR 2010

					Surplus/
Supply Zone	Supply	Population	Base Demand	Technical Losses	Deficit
Elderslie/Niagara	42,000	640	25,600	19,139	(2,739)
Siloah-Aberdeen W/S	840,000	5,847	268,828	139,566	431,606
Maggotty WS	504,000	3,087	141,931	203,537	158,532
Union/Balaclava W/S	230,000	5,657	260,092	11,946	(42,038)
Newton-Haughton WS	1,080,000	2,194	100,874	746,021	233,106
Black River WS	1,637,000	13,915	639,752	1,140,063	(142,815)
Burnt Savannah W/S	691,000	6,687	307,448	487,392	(103,840)
Bogue-Elim	648,000	3,978	182,897	419,325	45,778
Santa Cruz/Southampton	1,541,000	20,591	946,732	1,045,035	(450,768)
Pepper/Goshen W/S	1,080,000	4,535	208,506	49,563	821,932
Parottee/Hopewell W/S	606,000	6,256	287,632	122,448	195,920
Malvern/Munro	1,000,000	19,440	893,793	214,939	(108,732)
Pedro Plains	2,404,000	5,882	270,455	1,143,238	990,306
New Forest	1,824,000	15,823	727,499	1,433,114	(336,612)
TOTAL	14,102,000	122,393	5,502,124	7,163,156	1,433,981

ST. ELIZABETH - YR 2030 **Deficit System** Supply **Population** Base Demand | Technical Losses Black River WS 1,637,000 14.054 646,180 1,140,062.96 (149,243)New Market WS 17,000 5.837 268,355 6.970 (258, 325)Parottee/Hopewell W/S 606,000 6,319 290,522 160,216 193,030 Burnt Savannah W/S 487,392 691,000 6,754 310,537 (106,929) $\overline{(117,713)}$ Malvern/Munro 19,635 902,774 1,000,000 214,939 Pedro Plains 2,404,000 5,942 273,173 1,143,238 987,589 Bull Savannah WS 1,824,000 15,982 273,173 1,143,238 (343,922)1,541,000 20,798 956,245 1,045,035 (460,280)Santa Cruz/Southampton Pepper/Goshen W/S 4,581 210,601 49,563 1,080,000 819,837 Boque-Elim 648,000 4,018 184,734 419,325 43,941 Union/Balaclava W/S 230.000 5.714 262.705 11.946 (44,651)Maggotty WS 143,357 203,537 504,000 3,118 157,106 Siloah-Aberdeen W/S 840,000 2,543 116,901 8,072 715,027 Newton-Haughton WS 2,216 746,021 1.080.000 101,887 232,092 **TOTAL** 117,510 4,941,144 6,779,555 1,667,558 14,102,000



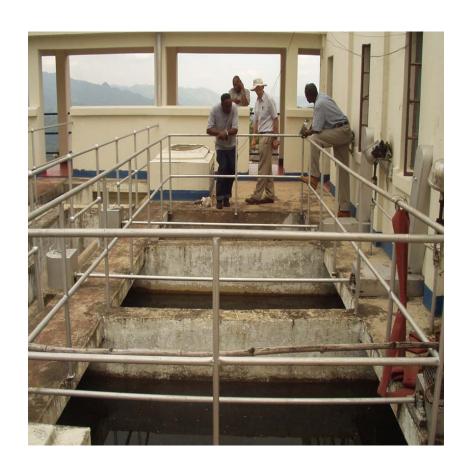
Major Issues and Project Cost

Major Issues

Refurbishing/ Upgrade of Water Production Sources

- Intake Works
- Water TreatmentPlant rehab





Major Issues



Network refurbishing to reduce technical losses and improve service level

- Replacement of pipeline
- Pressure zoning and pressure management
- Refurbishing/replacementof water storage tanks

Comprehensive NRW Audit

- Network survey to define and locate pipes (material and size) & fittings
 - (valves, PRV, fire hydrants)
 - to draw up the network inventory.
 - All the information gathered on site will be transferred in GIS
- Investigation of all the NWC facilities (production facilities, reservoirs and pumping stations).
 - All defects and anomalies detected and remedial works for repairs and/or upgrading have must be clearly stated for every facility.
- Supply & pressure management
 - Pressure zoning and installation of pressure control valves
 - level measurement of reservoirs
 - flows on trunk mains and selected take-offs
- Network partition into District Metering Area (DMA) to monitor flows and NRW control with definition of equipment (valves and bulk meters) to be installed.
- Establishment and calibration of network models

TARGET TO REDUCE PHYSICAL LOSSES TO LESS THAN 30% Over next 5 years

Major Issues

Pumping Equipment rehab

Well Rehabilitation

- Approach to KMA
- Detailed inspection
- Cleaning
- Replacement of casings/screens



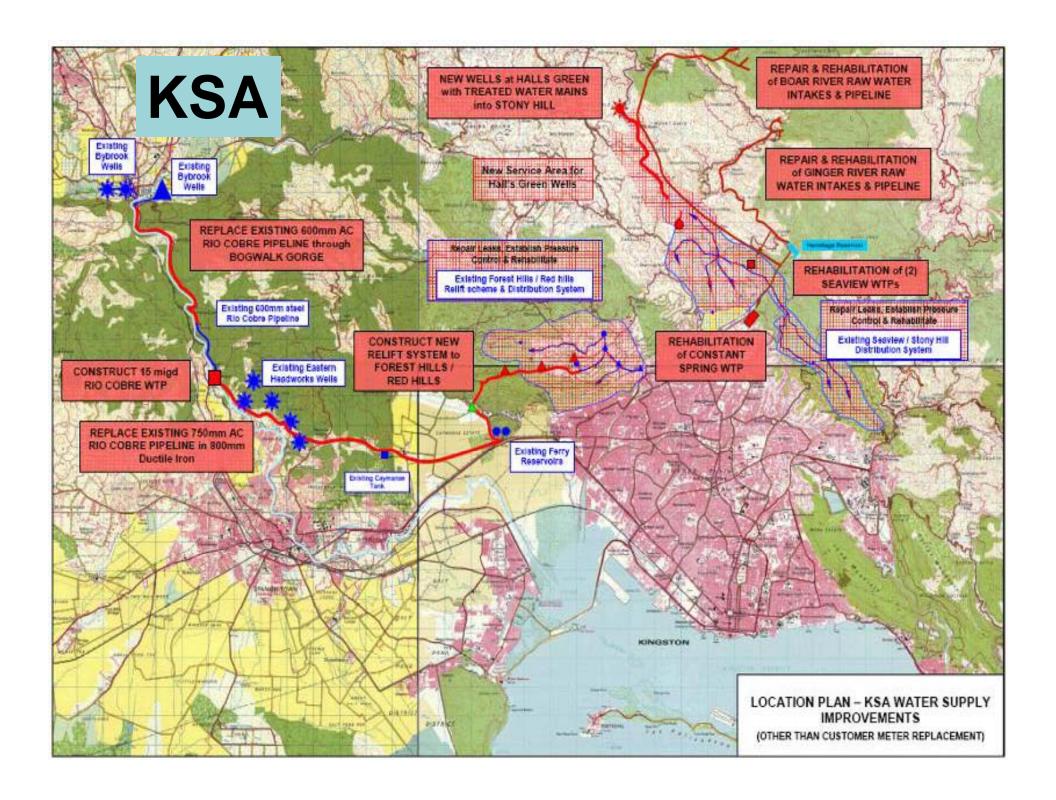


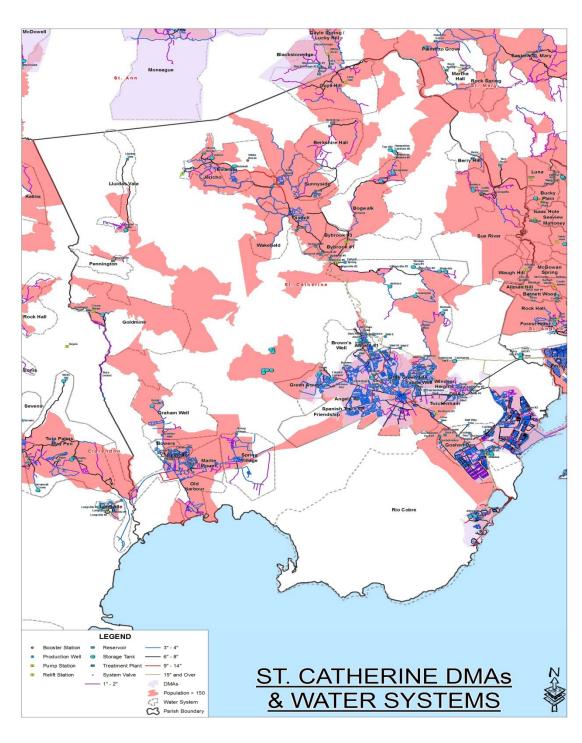
Major Issues

- Supply Extension
 - Providingwater to areasnot now served
 - Providing>85%



Parish	Project Cost		
St. Thomas	4,424,132,215		
KSA	23,724,737,000		
St. Catherine	5,290,917,230		
Clarendon	5,845,545,900		
Manchester	4,320,000,000		
St. Elizabeth	5,115,114,000		
Westmoreland	4,336,201,179		
Hanover	5,473,200,000		
St. James	12,860,280,000		
Trelawny	6,588,120,000		
St. Ann	6,650,000,000		
St. Mary	10,119,070,000		
Portland	4,924,700,000		
TOTAL	99,672,017,525		





Overview

Distribution Systems: 17

Population 2010:~284,600

Projected Population 2030:~301,676

Average Production: ~37 MGD Average Monthly Consumption within major divisions:

Avg Billed Consumption:

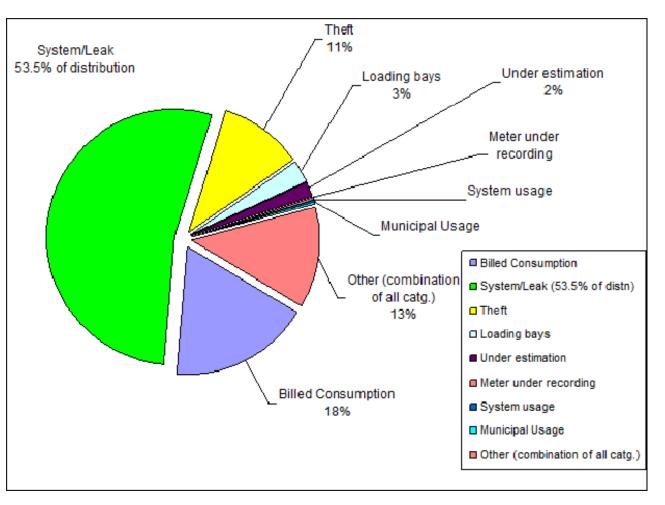
10 MGD

(i.e Revenue Water is 27% of production)

CLARENDON

Average Production: 538 MGM

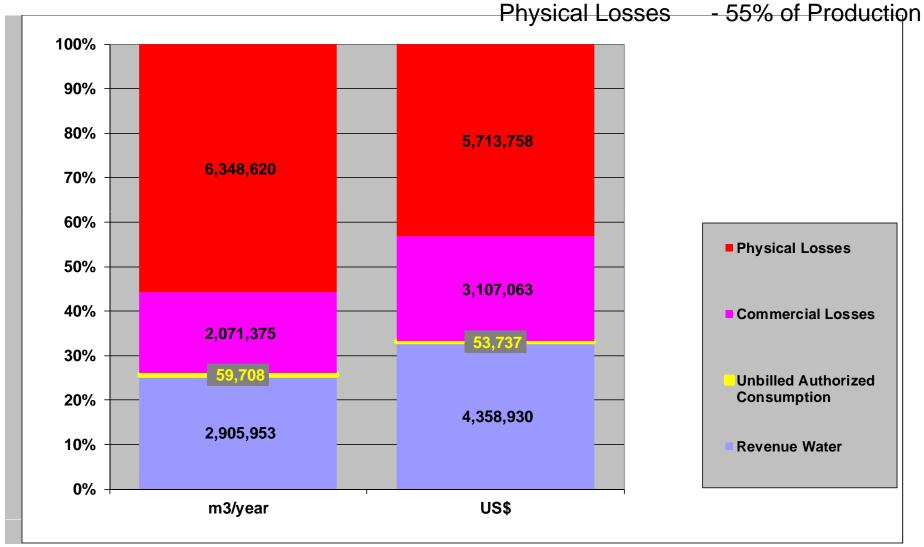
Category	Volume (MGM)
Billed Consumption	94.96
System/Leak	287.86
Theft	57.00
Loading Bays	15.00
Under Estimation	10.54
Meter Under Recording	0.40
System Usage	2.00
Municipal Usage	2.00
OtheR	68.30
TOTAL	538.06



MANCHESTER

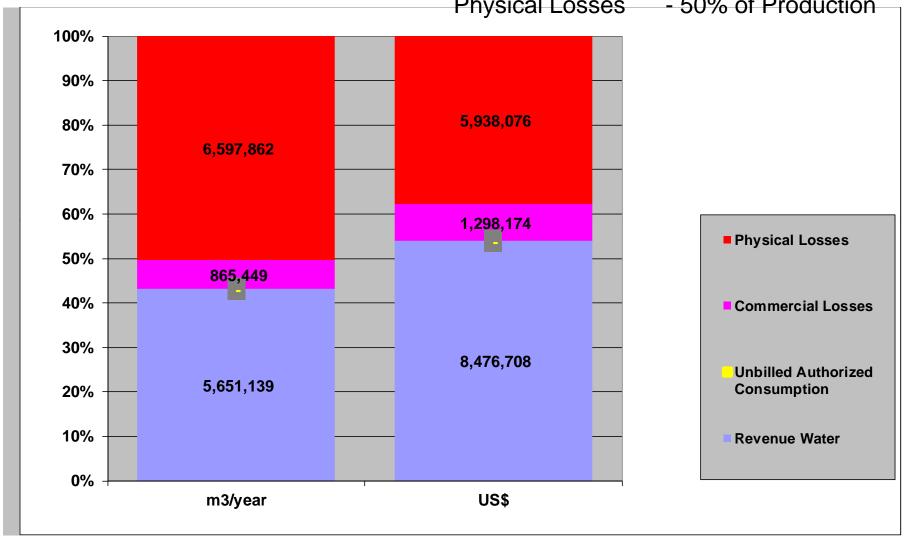
Revenue Water – 25% of Production

Commercial losses – 20% of Production



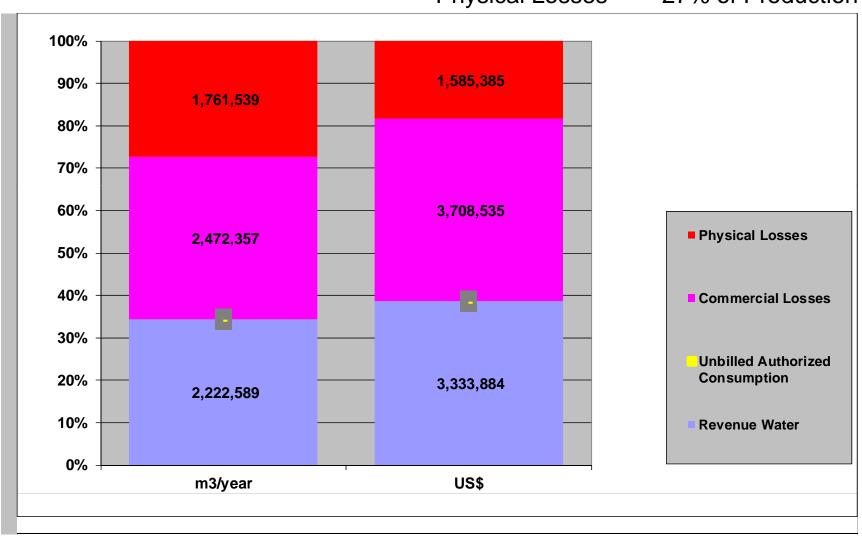
HANOVER

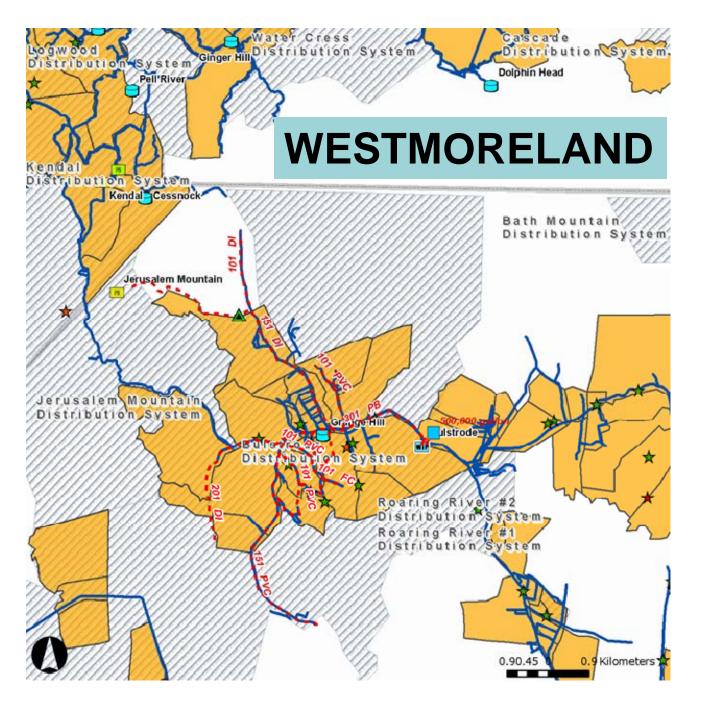
Revenue Water – 43% of Production Commercial losses – 7% of Production Physical Losses – 50% of Production



TRELAWNY

Revenue Water - 33% of Production Commercial losses - 40% of Production Physical Losses - 27% of Production





Replace 4.5 Km distribution line from Grange Hill Little London to 8" DI to reduce leakage levels

Replace 16 Km distribution main within Savanah-lamar/Little London system to reduce NRW

Install a 0.5 MG water tank to improve pressure control, reduce energy cost and improve rleliability

Est Cost: \$420m



APPROACHTO DEVELOPING SEWERAGE PLANS

Consolidation of Wastewater

- Rehabilitate existing
 WWTPs in order that plant
 effluent discharges meet
 NEPA standards
- Install trunk sewer to allow retiring of plants
- Maximize use of existing WWT facilities (e.g. Soapberry)
- Replace old sewer (e.g. downtown Kingston





Draft Scheduling of Sewerage Projects

Category	Projects	Implementation Period
1	 Rehabilitation of under performing WWTP KSA (extending sewer network) Portmore Greater Spanish Town Old Harbour May Pen 	2011 - 2016
2	 KSA (extension of Soapberry; extending sewer network) Port Maria Port Antonio Montego Bay (extension of the network) Falmouth Savannah La Mar 	2014 - 2019
3	 ◆Buff Bay ◆Annotto Bay ◆Runaway Bay ◆St. Ann's Bay ◆Mandeville 	2017 – 2022
4	 Morant Bay Lucea Black River Santa Cruz 	2019 – 2024
5	•Oracabessa •Linstead	2022 – 2025

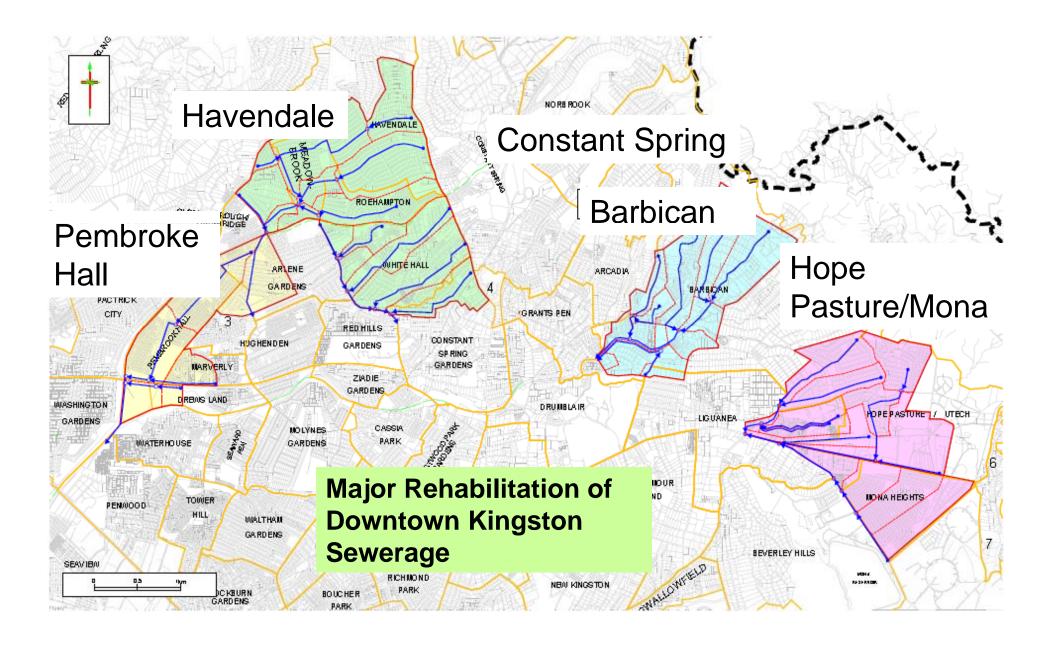
E.



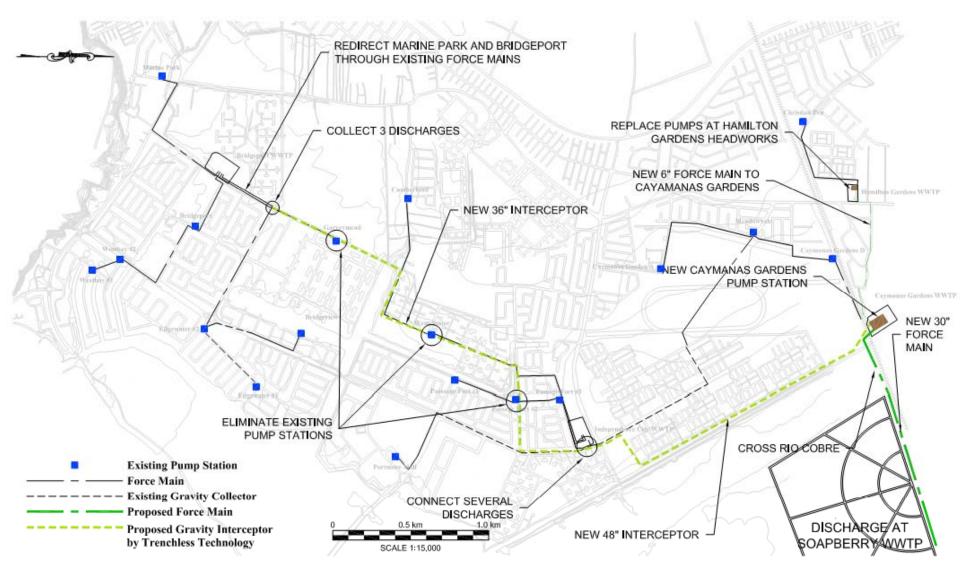


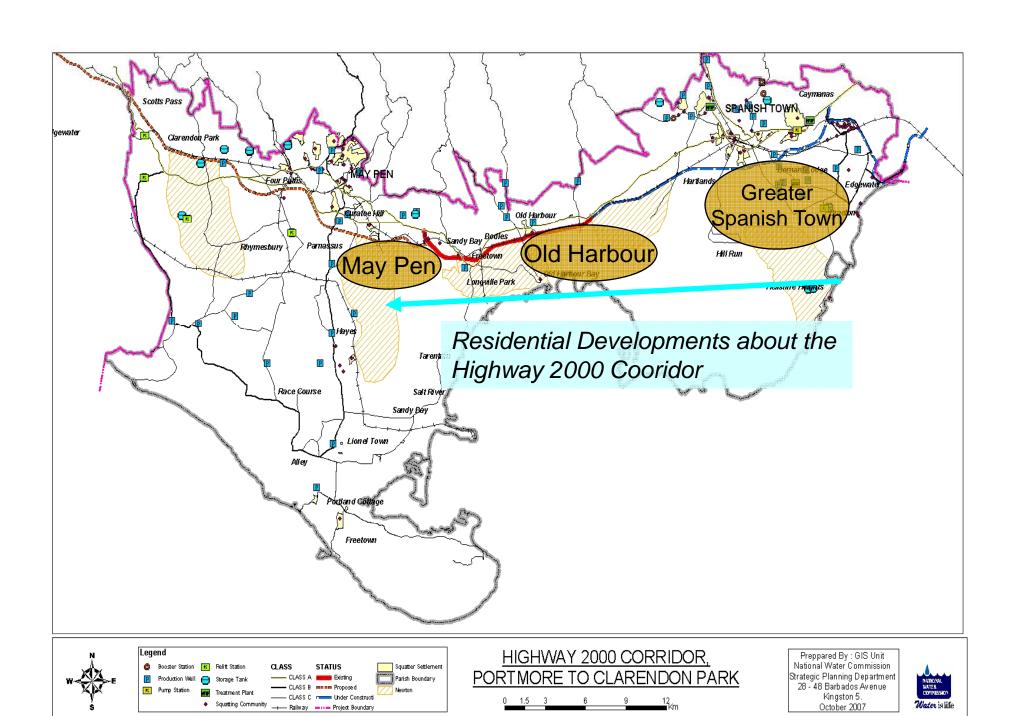
2,800 5,600 11,200 Meters

SEWER EXTENSION OF KSA SEWERAGE - Medium Term



Redirecting of Sewage from Sections of Portmore to Soapberry





OTHER TOWNS

- Build on work already done for Port Antonio Sewerage
- Determine requirement for sewage treatment
- Identify potential sites for WWTP for each town
- Project cost estimates
- Agree on Selection Criteria
- Review Scheduling





Implementation

Implementation

- NWC plans to use K-Factor funds to finance projects to
 - Reduce level of NRW (e.g. pipeline replacement, pressure management, establishing DMA
 - Rehab wastewater treatment plants
 - Extend sewering in KSA
- NWC pursuing other means to finance the proposed works (e.g.IDB)

Implementation

- Project Development and Implementation
 - NWC in-house resources
 - Use of Program Managers to support
 - RFP out to be returned by November 4 2011
 - Support for 4 years
- Available resources in the country to undertake the proposed work is an issue

NWC striving to improve service reliability and to achieve its vision:

In 2015 NWC is the No. 1 water services utility in the Caribbean and Latin America in terms of coverage, customer satisfaction, reliability, efficiency, compliance and viability